

Global ICCA Database Angai Forest, Tanzania

CCA Basic data

Site Name (in local language and in English)	Angai Forest
Country (include State and Province)	Tanzania (Lindi Region, Liwale District)
Area encompassed by the CCA (specify unit of measurement).	154, 420 ha
GIS Coordinates (if available)	
Whether it includes sea areas (Yes or no)	No
Whether it includes freshwater (Yes or no)	No
Marine (Y or N)	No
Concerned community (name and approx. number of persons)	13 villages (Nahoro, Nangano, Kibutuka, Kiangara, Kitogoro, Mtawatawa, Mikunya, Liwale B, Likombora, Mihumo, Ngongowele, Ngunja, Lilombe)
Is the community considering itself an indigenous people? (Please note Yes or No; if yes note which people)	No
Is the community considering itself a minority? (Please note Yes or No, if yes on the basis of what, e.g. religion, ethnicity)	No
Is the community permanently settled? (Please note Yes or No; if the community is mobile, does it have a customary transhumance territory?)	Yes
Is the community local per capita income inferior, basically the same or superior to national value? (please note how confident you are about the information)	Inferior
Is the CCA recognised as a protected area by governmental agencies? (Yes or no; if yes, how? If no, is it otherwise recognized?) If yes, legal document? Establishment date?	No – Villagers are managing the forest but to date the forest is not formally protected. Plans underway
Conflicts with land tenure, natural resource use?	Illegal logging of high value coast/miombo trees is placing pressures on the area
What is the main management objective (e.g. livelihood, cultural, spiritual...)	Livelihood- forest conservation
To which IUCN management category do you consider it would best fit?	VI

Additional qualitative information

Main ecosystem type	Coastal forest
Description of biodiversity & resources (ecosystems, species, functions) conserved by the CCA	High biodiversity coastal forest, with high economic value for timber
Description of local ethnic groups and languages spoken	Makonde, Kiswahili
Broad historical context of the CCA	Support to communities started in 1994; funding from Finnish government
Governance structure for the CCA (who takes management decisions, how?)	Village committees; Village Councils, Village Assemblies
Length of time the governance model has been in place	Forest management since mid-1990's; village governance institutions since 1970's
Land and resource ownership in the CCA	Village land
Type of land use in the CCA	Forest
Existence of written or oral management plans and specific rules for the use of natural resources in the CCA	Village by-laws, management plan under preparation
Map and zoning of the CCA (please attach if available and relevant,)	Under preparation
Relevant pictures with captions (please attach if available)	
Major threats to biodiversity and/or the CCA governance system	Large-scale timber extraction driven by Chinese/ South Asian demand currently occurring in Lindi coastal forests
Local CCA-relevant features, stories, names, rules and practices	
Contact details for individuals and organisations	Tom Blomley (Blomley.pfm@bol.co.tz)
References relevant to specific CCA	