Global ICCA Database Terat, Tanzania

CCA Basic data

Site Name (in local language and in English)	Terat Conservation Easement
Country (include State and Province)	Tanzania (Manyara Region)
Area encompassed by the CCA (specify unit of measurement).	12,000 ha
GIS Coordinates (if available)	
Whether it includes sea areas (Yes or no)	No
Whether it includes freshwater (Yes or no)	No
Marine (Y or N)	No
Concerned community (name and approx. number of persons)	Terat village (~4000 people)
Is the community considering itself an indigenous people? (Please note	Unknown
Yes or No; if yes note which people)	
Is the community considering itself a minority? (Please note Yes or No, if	No
yes on the basis of what, e.g. religion, ethnicity)	
Is the community permanently settled?	No. The community is a mixture of
	transhumant and agro-pastoral. It undertakes
	transhumant grazing within a defined group
	ranch area
Is the community local per capita income inferior, basically the same or	
superior to national value? (please note how confident you are about the	
information)	
Is the CCA recognised as a protected area by governmental agencies?	No
Conflicts with land tenure, natural resource use?	Conflicts with centrally allocated tourist
	hunting concessions
What is the main management objective (e.g. livelihood, cultural,	Livelihood- seasonal livestock grazing and
spiritual)	wildlife conservation
To which IUCN management category do you consider it would best fit	VI

Additional qualitative information

Main ecosystem type	Short-grass plains
Description of biodiversity & resources (ecosystems, species,	Simanjiro plains- main wet season dispersal area for
functions) conserved by the CCA	Tarangire system wildebeest and zebra populations
	for calving and grazing
Description of local ethnic groups and languages spoken	Maasai – Maa speaking
Broad historical context of the CCA	Traditionally managed area for livestock grazing and
	exclusion of cultivation; recent (2005) establishment
	of externally funded conservation 'easement'
	providing village with payments for maintenance of
	area as livestock and wildlife habitat and continued
	exclusion of agricultural cultivation
Governance structure for the CCA (who takes management	Village Council and Village Assembly
decisions, how?)	
Length of time the governance model has been in place	Village institutions since 1970's
Land and resource ownership in the CCA	Village land; wildlife state-owned
Type of land use in the CCA	Livestock grazing
Existence of written or oral management plans and specific rules	Written contract between tour operators and Village
for the use of natural resources in the CCA	Council governs the CCA
Map and zoning of the CCA (please attach if available and	No map available. Located in Terat village close to
relevant)	Serengetti protected area
Relevant pictures with captions (please attach if available)	
Major threats to biodiversity and/or the CCA governance system	Bushmeat and zebra skin poaching threaten wildlife;
	localized population growth and spread of cultivation
	threaten pastoralist/wildlife land uses
Local CCA-relevant features, stories, names, rules and practices	
Contact details for individuals and organisations	Edward Loure, Ujamaa-Community Resource Trust
	(coordinator-crt@dorobo.org)
	David Peterson, Dorobo Tours and Safaris
	(daudi@dorobo.co.tz)
	Dr. Charles Foley, Tarangire Elephant Project
	(cfoley@wcs.org)
	(croley@wcs.org)