I. Members

The ICCA Consortium Members are organizations. On 7th January 2016, the ICCA Consortium counts 94 Members, which means that since the last GA (November 2015), the ICCA Consortium welcomed 18 New Memberships.

Procedure to become a member: Any organization can apply for Consortium membership by sending a letter to the President and/or Global Coordinator. After this, the application is passed on to the other members, and if no objection is raised after a period of 60 days, the applicant is approved. Each Member, Honorary Member or Staff can suggest to new organisation of IP, LCs, federations and networks of ICCAs and NGO to become member and encourage them to apply. They can also apply for membership during the General Assembly. As the most important decision-making body of the ICCA Consortium, it has the power to accept, or refuse a formal application made by a representative of the group on the same day of the General Assembly.

Outcomes of the last General Assembly: On the 6th and 7th of December 2015, in Puerto Lopez (Manabi province, Ecuador, South America) the Consortium held its 9th General Assembly. On this occasion, 5 organisations applied and their membership were approved. They are: the Shuar Arutam people of the Cordillera del Condor in Ecuador; the Center of Intercultural Medical Studies (Centro de Estudios Médicos Interculturales) - CEMI of Colombia; the Center for Indigenous Conservation and Development Alternatives – CICADA of Canada; the Foundation for the Development of Indigenous Culture “The Jaguar Footsteps” (Los Pasos del Jaguar) of El Salvador; and the Amazonian Association for Amazonia (Asociación Amazónicos por la Amazonía) – AMPA of Perù.

How do we categorize our Members? To understand better the identity of our members, we have decided to classify them under 5 categories:

- Local, national and international NGOs;
- Indigenous peoples/indigenous peoples’ organizations (IP/ IPOs);
- Local communities/local communities’ organizations (LCs/LCOs); and
- ICCAs networks/federations and federations of mixed IP and LC.
- Others (Universities...)

The graphic here after offers a visualisation of their distribution:
The members of the ICCA Consortium come from the entire globe, as represented in the graph here after:

In total, 20% of our members come from Africa, 36% from Asia, 23% from Latin America while 11% from Europe, 9% from North America and there is still no member from Australia and the Pacific Islands, nor from the Caribbean Islands. The continent where can be observed the highest rate of new membership during the last 12 months is Southeast Asia as its members proportion to the overall membership raised from 11% last year to 14% this year. It is maybe due to the exchange workshop on ICCAs that was held in Lombok, Indonesia, in August.

Finally, in terms of the geographic scale of work of the members, at which they operate, the Members are distributed as it is shown in the graph here after:

II. Honorary members

ICCA Consortium Honorary members are individuals with relevant concerns and expertise related to ICCAs. Possible new HMs are nominated by the Consortium staff, Members and HMs. Then their
nomination is passed to the membership at large, and if no one raises objection during a 60-day period, they are officially invited to join the Consortium (which they may accept or not).

Since the last GA, 41 new Honorary Members have joined the Consortium, which now counts with 199 Honorary Members. Among those, 65% are men and 35% are women, as shown if the graph below:

The figures concerning the region in which they are based in are the following: 27% in Asia; 23% in Latin America; 20% in Europe; 19% in Africa; 8% in North America; 4% in Australia & the Pacific Islands. This is shown in the graph below:

The growth in the number of Members of the ICCA Consortium remains constant (in 2013 we grew by 10 new Membership, in 2014 by 23 new members and in 2015, by 18 members). We can expect a reasonable increase for the forthcoming year due to the growing number of members, HMIs and staff. The more individuals and organisations are joining the Consortium, the more chances there are for future potential members to cross the paths of the Consortium.